**51) Young people should be encouraged to pursue long-term, realistic goals rather than seek immediate fame and recognition.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the recommendation and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, describe specific circumstances in which adopting the recommendation would or would not be advantageous and explain how these examples shape your position.

**71) Young people should be encouraged to pursue long-term, realistic goals rather than seek immediate fame and recognition.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the statement and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should consider ways in which the statement might or might not hold true and explain how these considerations shape your position.

1. 正:a、长期目标 有助实现成就 ，例如，比尔盖 茨从哈佛退学 ，放弃了名声 和认可，但 是他发现了未来笔记本电脑的发展前景 promising future，建立的微软公司，成为领军企 业，并且他也成为最富有的人之一;c、追求短期声望浮躁(fickle)

1. 反:a、被承认证明价值;b、psychology 上，人更倾向于获得认同;
2. 交汇:并不矛盾，可以共存(survive simultaneously):a、长期研究中学会自我认同;b、  自我认同又给人以前进的动力 motivation，从而使得人们获得长远的成功;c、不同人适  应不同方式
3. 结论:尽管长期目标和短期承认影响还需研究，简单鼓励长期是不明智的。如果掌握更   全面认识自身进行定位，则削弱弊端，受益于优点